# TRANSLATION PATENT COOPERATION TREATY POT

### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference				
347171/D21706	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416		
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year			
PCT/FR2004/003397	28.12.2004	30.12.2003		
International Patent Classification (IPC) or nati	onal classification and IPC			
C07H21/00 C12N15/11				
Applicant				
L V M H RECHERCHE				
This report is the international prelir under Article 35 and transmitted to th		this International Preliminary Examining Authority		
2. This REPORT consists of a total of	. This REPORT consists of a total of 8 sheets, including this cover sheet.			
3. This report is also accompanied by A	NNEXES, comprising:			
a. (sent to the applicant and	to the International Bureau) a total of	sheets, as follows:		
		been amended and are the basis for this report and/or		
sheets containing red Instructions).	sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative			
the disclosure in the	sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental			
Box.				
b (sent to the International )	Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and r	number of electronic carrier(s))		
related thereto, in computar	readable form only as indicated in the	, containing a sequence listing and/or tables Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see		
Section 802 of the Administ		supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see		
4. This report contains indications relati	ng to the following items:			
Box No. I Basis of the	report			
Box No. II Priority				
Box No. III Non-establi	shment of opinion with regard to novelty,	inventive step and industrial applicability		
Box No. IV Lack of unit	ty of invention			
BOX 110. 1	atement under Article 35(2) with regard to d explanations supporting such statement	o novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;		
Box No. VI Certain doc	uments cited			
Box No. VII Certain defe	ects in the international application			
Box No. VIII Certain obse	ervations on the international application			
Date of submission of the demand	Date of completion	n of this report		
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/EP	Authorized officer			
Facsimile No.	Telephone No.			

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.

PCT/FR2004/003397

Box	No. I	Basis of the report		
1.		h regard to the language, this report is based on the internati cated under this item.	onal application in the language in	which it was filed, unless otherwise
		This report is based on translations from the original langua which is the language of a translation furnished for the pur international search (Rule 12.3 and 23.1(b))  publication of the international application (Rule 12. international preliminary examination (Rule 55.2 and	poses of: 4)	,
2.	rece	h regard to the <b>elements</b> of the international application, this iving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 a report):  the international application as originally filed/furnished the description:		
		·		as originally filed/furnished
		pages*		
	$\square$	pages*	_ received by this Authority on	
		nos.		as originally filed/furnished
		nos.*	as amended (togethe	er with any statement) under Article 19
		nos.* <u>1-18</u>	received by this Authority on	29.05.2006 with telefax
		nos.*	received by this Authority on	
		the drawings: sheets		as originally filed/furnished
		sheets*	received by this Authority on	
		sheets*	received by this Authority on	
	$\boxtimes$	a sequence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Suppler	mental Box Relating to Sequence L	isting.
3.	$\boxtimes$	The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:		
		the description, pages		
		the claims, nos. 19–21		
		the drawings, sheets/figs		
		the sequence listing (specify):		
		any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):		
4.		This report has been established as if (some of) the amen they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as a		
		the description, pages		
		the claims, nos.		
		the drawings, sheets/figs		
		the sequence listing (specify):		
		any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):		
*	If ite	em 4 applies, some or all of those sheets may be marked "suj	perseded."	

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Box			ticle 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; sporting such statement	
1.	Statement			
	Novelty (N)	Claims	16, 17	YES
		Claims	1-15, 18	NO
	Inventive step (IS)	Claims		YES
		Claims	1-18	NO
	Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-18	YES
		Claims		NO

- 2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)
  - 1. Reference is made to the following documents:
    - D1: WO 95/02069 A (BENNETT C FRANK; BOGGS RUSSELL T (US); DEAN NICHOLAS M (US); ISIS PHA) 19 January 1995 (1995-01-19)
    - D2: PARK H-Y ET AL: "THE BETA ISOFORM OF PROTEIN KINASE C STIMULATES HUMAN MELANOGENESIS BY ACTIVATING TYROSINASE IN PIGMENT CELLS" JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, AMERICAN SOCIETY OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTS, BALTIMORE, MD, US, vol. 268, no. 16, 5 June 1993 (1993-06-05), pages 11742-11749, XP002036373 ISSN: 0021-9258
    - D3: NISHIZUKA Y: "THE MOLECULAR HETEROGENEITY OF PROTEIN KINASE C AND ITS IMPLICATIONS FOR CELLULAR REGULATION" NATURE, NATURE PUBLISHING GROUP, LONDON, GB, vol. 334, 25 August 1988 (1988-08-25), pages 661-665, XP001118326 ISSN: 0028-0836
    - D4: PARK H-Y ET AL: "The receptor for activated C-kinase-1 (RACK-I) anchors activated PKC- $\beta$  on melanosomes", J. of Cell Science, 117(16), July 2004, 3659-3668, published after the priority date and cited by the applicant.
    - D5: PARK H-Y ET AL: "Topical Application of a protein kinase C inhibitor reduces skin and hair

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

pigmentation", J. Invest Dermatol., 122:159-166, Jan. 2004, published after the priority date and cited by the applicant.

2. Claims 1 to 15 and 18

The present application fails to meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(1), since the subject matter of claims 1 to 15 and 18 does not comply with the criterion of novelty as defined by PCT Article 33(2). Moreover, the subject matter of said claims relates to a topical pharmaceutical composition including an oligonucleotide capable of hybridising specifically with PKC-beta-1 genes.

D1 describes (see pages 25 to 26) antisense oligonucleotides enabling specific hybridisation with the genes or messenger RNA coding for the protein PKC-beta 1, so as to modulate the expression thereof, and, more particularly, oligonucleotides having sequences identical to those of the present claim 3 (see the table: SEQ.ID N°25 of D1 = SEQ.ID N°2; SEQ.ID N°26 of D1 = SEQ.ID N°3; SEQ.ID N°27 of D1 = SEQ.ID N°4; SEQ.ID N°28 of D1 = SEQ.ID N°1; SEQ.ID N°29 of D1 = SEQ.ID N°5). Said oligonucleotides can also be modified (see claims 3 to 13 of D1).

Furthermore, D1 claims the pharmaceutical compositions containing said oligonucleotides (see claim 36) and more particularly the topical formulations (see page 18, lines 6 to 19).

Hence, D1 entirely anticipates the subject matter of claims 1 to 15 and 18 of the present application.

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

However, the use of such oligonucleotides for preparing a topical pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing regional hyperpigmentations caused by melanocyte hyperactivity, as claimed in the original claim 20 is to be considered novel over D1.

### 3. Claims 16 to 17

The oligonucleotides described in D1 are specific to the various isoforms of the protein PKC and enable the role of these various isozymes to be assessed, hence they can be used in the treatment of illnesses associated with these specific isozymes, such as inflammations and hyperproliferative disorders.

However, D1 does not mention the specific role played in melanogenesis by the beta-1 isoform of the protein kinase C.

The subject matter of claims 16 and 17, which relate respectively to cosmetic compositions containing the oligonucleotides according to claims 1 to 15 and the use thereof as an inhibitor of melanine synthesis for depigmenting or bleaching the skin or hair, is novel over D1.

However, the present application fails to meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(1), since the subject matter of claims 16 and 17 does not involve an inventive step as defined by PCT Article 33(3).

D2, which is considered to be the closest prior art, describes the role as an activator of tyrosinase by phosphorylation played by PKC and the key role of

Box No. V

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

tyrosinase in melanogenesis, and assesses the functions of each of the isoforms of PKC according to the cell types and explicitly indicates that skin pigmentation is directly associated with the beta isoform of the protein kinase C. D2 therefore explicitly describes the role of PKC-beta in melanogenesis (see abstract). Consequently, the subject matter of claims 16 and 17 of the present application differs from D2 only in that it refers to the beta 1 isoform of PKC and the specific role thereof in melanogenesis.

Apart from the fact that D4 and D5 were published after the priority date of the present application, contrary to the applicant's assertions, specific inhibitors of the various isoforms of the protein kinase C are known from the prior art, particularly from D1. Furthermore, referring to D4, page 3660, left-hand column, fourth paragraph, the applicant is of the opinion that it follows therefrom that PKC  $\beta2$  is specifically involved in the stimulation of melanogenesis. However, according to D4, this information is derived ("Therefore, PKC- $\beta$ 2 is specifically implicated in...") from transfection studies performed on human NP-melanocytes with cDNA of PKC- $\beta$ II showing the activation of tyrosinase as described in the document "Park et al., 1993" (see D4, preceding sentence). According to the references of D4, said document "Park et al., 1993" is indeed D2, which, contrary to the assertions of D4, does not mention at any point the role played by the  $isoform \beta II$  as a tyrosinase activator in melanogenesis. D2 merely indicates the specific role of the beta isoform of PKC in melanogenesis, without investigating further types 1

Box No. V

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

and/or 2 of this isoform.

At the priority date of the present application and in the light of D2, which is considered to be the closest prior art, the problem that the present invention is intended to solve can therefore be considered to be that of obtaining inhibitors of PKC  $\beta$  proteins, capable of blocking the activation of tyrosinase in melanogenesis, for depigmenting or bleaching the skin.

The solution proposed in claims 16 and 17 of the present claim is not considered inventive (PCT Article 33(3)) for the following reasons;

The various isoforms  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta_{\rm I}$ ,  $\beta_{\rm II}$ ,  $\zeta$ ,  $\delta$ , Y and  $\epsilon$  of PKC are known from the prior art (see for example D1 and D3) and the inhibitors thereof or even the specific antisense oligonucleotides of each of said isoforms, particularly beta and more particularly beta 1 or beta 2, are also known from D1 (see pages 26 to 27, tables 2 to 4) so as to modulate the specific expression of each of said genes.

Thus, in the light of D1, it is obvious for a person skilled in the art seeking to solve the stated problem to apply these antisense oligonucleotides known from tables 2 to 4 of D1 in routine hybridisation studies so as to assess the inhibiting activity and the specificity of each of said beta isoforms in melanogenesis, as taught in D2, and thereby obtain the features according to claims 16 and 17 without exercising inventive skill.

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.

PCT/FR2004/003397

Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing				
Continuation of Box No. I, item 2:				
With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and necessary to the claimed invention, this report was established on the basis of:				
a. type of material   N  ✓				
a sequence listing				
table(s) related to the sequence listing				
b. format of material				
in written format				
in computer readable form				
c. time of filing/furnishing				
contained in the international application as filed				
filed together with the international application in computer readable form				
furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search and/or examination				
received by this Authority as an amendment* on				
2. In addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table(s) relating thereto has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished.				
3. Additional comments:				
The sequence listing in the description pages 1,2 as				
originally filed.				
* Titisan dia Dan Na Lampita da lintina and tanahitah adam dalam 1911 6				
* If item 4 in Box No. I applies, the listing and/or table(s) related thereto, which form part of the basis of the report, may be marked "superseded."				